SEPSIS SUREENING ACUTE ASS	DESSMENI	Age 12-15	
PATIENT DETAILS:	DATE: NAME: DESIGNATION: SIGNATURE:	TIME:	
START IF CHILD LOOKS UNWELL, IF PARENT IS CONCERNED OR PHYSIOLOGY IS ABNORMAL e.g. PEWS RISK FACTORS FOR SEPSIS INCLUDE: Recent trauma / surgery / invasive procedure Impaired immunity (e.g. diabetes, steriods, chemotherapy)			
COULD THIS BE DUE TO LIKELY SOURCE: Respiratory Urine Skin / joint Surgical Other	_	NO CONSIDER	
ANY RED FLAG PRESENT? Objective evidence of new or altered mental state Respiratory rate ≥ 25 per minute New need for 02 (40% or more) to keep Sp02 > 92 (>88% COPD) Systolic BP ≤ 90 mmHg (or drop of >40 from norm Heart rate >130 per minute Not passed urine in 18 hours (<0.5ml/kg/hr if catheter Non-blanching rash / mottled / ashen / cyanosis of skin, lips or tongue	SE START PAEL CE D	FLAG PSIS DIATRIC SIS SIX (PTO)	
ANY AMBER FLAG PRESENT? If two or more amber flags are present and lactate >2, treat as a red fl Family report abnormal behaviour or mental state Reduced functional ability Respiratory rate 21-24 Systolic BP 91-100 mmHg Heart rate 91-130 or new dysrhythmia Sp02 < 92% on air or increased 02 requirements Not passed urine in 12-18hr (0.5 ml/kg/hr to 1 ml/kg/hr if catheterised) Immunocompromised Signs of infection including wound infection Temperature <36°C Trauma, surgery or invasive procedure in the last of	IMMEDIATE REVIOUS IF ANTIMICROBIA ADMINISTER AS SECULATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	OON AS DECISION MADE THIN 3 HOURS	

NO AMBER FLAGS = ROUTINE CARE / CONSIDER OTHER DIAGNOSIS
Interpret physiology in context of individual patient
ALWAYS REASSESS IF PATIENT DETERIOATES



SEPSIS SCREENING TOOL -THE PAEDIATRIC SEPSIS SIX

Age 12-15

PATIENT DETAILS:	DATE: T NAME: DESIGNATION: SIGNATURE:	IME:
COMPLETE ALL ACTI	ONS WITHIN O	NE HOUR
ENSURE ST4+ ATTENDS NOT ALL PATIENTS WITH RED FLAGS WILL NEED THE 'A SENIOR DECISION MAKER MAY SEEK ALTERNATIVE IS NAME: GRADE:	SEPSIS 6' URGENTLY.	T TIME
OXYGEN IF REQUIRED START IF 02 SATURATIONS LESS THAN 92% OR EVIDEN	CE OF SHOCK	TIME
OBTAIN IV/IO ACCESS, BLOOD CULTURES, VBG, BLOOD GLUCOSE, LACTATE, FI LUMBAR PUNCTURE IF INDICATED,. CONSIDER RAPID I	BC, U&Es, LFTs, CRP AND CLOTTING	TIME
GIVE IV/IO ANTIBIOTICS MAXIMUM DOSE BROAD SPECTRUM THERAPY (CONSIDE CONSIDER: LOCAL POLICY / ALLERGY STATUS / ANTIVIENT OF CONSIDERS O	ER ESCALATION IF ALREADY ON ANTIBIOTICS) RALS O HELP IDENTIFY SOURCE	TIME
CONSIDER IV/IO FLUIDS IF LACTATE IS ABOVE 2 mmol/L GIVE FLUID BOLUS 10 IFLACTATE IS ABOVE 4 mmol/L GIVE FLUID BOLUS AND REPEAT FLUID BOLUS IF REQUIRED	ml/kg WITHOUT DELAY	TIME
CONSIDER INOTROPICS CONSIDER		TIME

RED FLAGS AFTER ONE HOUR - ESCALATE TO CONSULTANT NOW Monitor at least every 30 mins using early warning score e.g. PEWS

RECORD ADDITIONAL NOTES HERE:

e.g. allergy status, arrival of specialist teams, de-escalation of care, delayed antimicrobial decision making, variance from Sepsis Six

